## How to make the unsustainable sustainable? Case of Telecommunications/ICT services/Applications in Rural Nepal

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## Economic Model for Telecommunications/ICT Applications /Services

- A rural network/services/Applications' Total Cost of Ownership is calculated by estimating both
  - the capital costs and
  - operating costs
  - over a period of time.

#### Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) = Capital Costs + Operating Costs/Time

 The Total Cost of Ownership must be less than the total revenues

if it is to be financially feasible and sustainable for a period of time.

• If the Total Cost of Ownership is greater than the total revenues then

the network/services/applications may have to be

• subsidized with either initial or ongoing funding.

### Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) < Revenues + Funding/Time

- The sustainability of a rural
  - Telecommunications/Applications/Services is based upon market forces and the potential need for funding.
- The market forces are directly correlated to a rural area's population density and their socioeconomic status.

### There are three rural economic areas

- Type 1: Areas that can be, or are, served by market forces
- Type 2: Areas that will need assistance with initial funding to become self-sustaining
- Type 3: Areas that cannot become selfsustaining and will require initial and ongoing funding.

# Type 1: Areas that can be, or are, served by market forces

 Capital Costs + Operating Costs ≤ Total Revenues Type 2: Areas that will need assistance with initial funding to become self-sustaining

 Capital Costs + Operating Costs ≤ Total Revenues + Initial Funding Type 3: Areas that cannot become self-sustaining and will require initial and ongoing funding.

#### Capital Costs + Operating Costs ≤ Total Revenues + Ongoing/Initial funding

## •Each area has different telecommunications/ICTs requirements.

 The requirement for initial and ongoing funding will be dependent upon Total Cost of Ownership and market forces in each area.

## **Business Models**

Government owned incumbent operator mandated to provide Telecommunications/ICT services/Applications in the rural areas.

## Private operators with capital subsidy (Public Private Partnership)

Private Operators with no subsidy but with other incentives especially applicable for Telecom services

## Multi Stakeholder Partnership:

## Thank you for your patience!!!